PROJECT TITLE

: SAL AMANDER- III.

PERIOD COVERED

: MAY 1981

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SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS RESULTS

The previous experiments led to the following conclusions about smoke components reacting with cysteine under the conditions of the ISH measurements:

Components having no effect :

- Semi-volatile and tar components
- Organic gas-phase
- Inorganic components with boiling points down to $120^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$.
- free-radicals

Components having a possible effect:

- Very volatile inorganic gases
- NO
- CO

REACTIVITY OF PURE GASES NO, CO and O2 WITH CYSTEINE

Procedure

The data for cigarette ØS-8-TOT, used as a standard, are :

NO : 0.31 mg/cig or 9.3 mg/30 cig CO : 16.1 mg/cig or 483 mg/30 cig

A bag containing the same amounts of NO or CO, as in the smoke of 30 cigarettes $\emptyset S-8\sim TOT$, is connected to the smoking machine. The volume is adjusted to 8400 ml (30 cig x: 8 puffs x 35 ml) with nitrogen.

In this way the pure gases are introduced into the flask containing the cysteine solution at the same rate as for a normal smoking experiment. Experiments are made with NO alone, CO alone and a mixture of NO + CO.

In order to reproduce normal smoking conditions, a second bag containing oxygen is connected to the smoking machine. In this case the first bag contains $6700 \, \mathrm{ml}$ of NO and/or CO in nitrogen and the second bag 1700 ml of oxygen (20% of 8400 ml).

A blank is made by using air alone.

The results are given in Table 1.

TABLE 1 : Effect of Rure Gases on Cysteine

Trial	ISH ‰*
ØS-B-TOT air NO + N ₂ CO + N ₂ NO + CO + N ₂	39 ± 2 0 0 0 0 8 ± 2
$ND + N_2 + O_2$ $CO + N_2 + O_2$	20 ± 2
NO + CO + N2 + O2	18 ± 4

Conclusions

- Air (or oxygen), NO and CO alone have no effect on the ISH.
- Mixtures of NO/CO in N2 and of CO in N2/O2 do not significantly react with cysteine.
- NO contributes about 50% of the ISH value, but only in the presence of oxygen.



YVG/jig/MAY 25 1981